

Targeted monetary policy and risk

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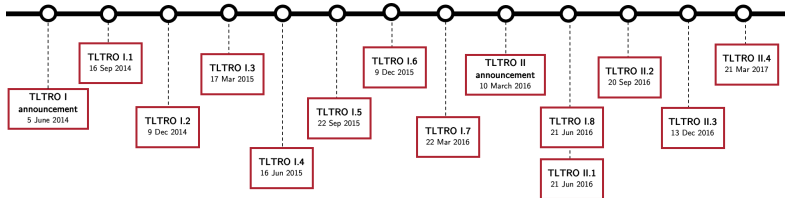
Motivation

- Standard MP can be too blunt. Targeted tools, as the TLTRO, aim to steer credit to the real economy.
- By offering incentives to lend in an environment of low interest rates and ample liquidity, targeted monetary policy may create its own risk-taking channel.
- We use loan-level data and an IV identification to study the effects of targeted monetary policy on bank credit supply (in Portugal).
- We examine the effects on the recomposition of banks' loan portfolios.

TLTRO

"The TLTROs are designed to enhance the functioning of the monetary policy transmission mechanism by supporting bank lending to the real economy."

Mario Draghi. Frankfurt am Main. 3 July 2014.



Research questions

- I. Were these operations effective in stimulating bank lending and reducing the cost of credit in Portugal?
- II. Were the effects of TLTRO I different from TLTRO II?
- III. Were the effects heterogeneous for different types of firms?
- IV. Did the heterogeneous effects across firms lead to disproportionate increases in risk-taking? Is targeted monetary policy creating its own risk-taking channel?

Main findings

- TLTRO have accomplished their main goal. Both TLTRO I and TLTRO II contributed to the pass-through of targeted monetary policy to loan rates and loan amounts.
- The results show that both TLTRO had heterogeneous effects across firms. Although riskier firms were able to borrow at lower rates, loan amounts increased more for safer firms.

Relevant literature

- **Participating banks expanded credit and lowered loan rates.** (Micro) evidence shows higher lending and cheaper credit at treated banks. (Andreeva and Garcia-Posada, 2020; Balfoussia and Gibson, 2016; Afonso and Sousa-Leite, 2020; Benetton and Fantino, 2021; Laine, 2021; Da Silva et al., 2021)
- **Competition channel.** TLTRO compressed banks' funding costs, intensifying competition on the lending side and indirectly easing conditions for non-bidders, by adjusting pricing and credit standards. (Andreeva and Garcia-Posada, 2020; Barbiero et al., 2021)
- **Portfolio rebalancing vs. vLTRO.** The targeted design of the TLTRO reduced the incentives for sovereign bond rebalancing that had been seen in the earlier 3-year LTROs. (Crosignani et al., 2020)

Contribution to the literature

- **Bank-firm lending relationships.** Firm-time F.E. in a multiple-lender setting. We use the *borrowing allowance*, set before policy announcement, as an instrument for TLTRO take-up.
- **Distinction between TLTRO I and II.** We distinguish the effects of each TLTRO programme, given their different incentive structures.
- **New evidence on risk-taking.** We show that TLTRO had heterogeneous effects across firms with different risk profiles.

Data

CRC Loan amounts (stock) at loan-level

NL Loan amounts, loan rates and maturity (new credit operations) at loan-level

BSI Assets and liabilities at bank-level

IES Assets and liabilities at firm-level

SIAC Rating level at firm-level

BdP TLTRO outstanding amounts and borrowing allowances at bank-level

Empirical model

- Difference-in-differences model and an IV identification
- Period: 2013Q1-2018Q2
 - ▷ TLTRO I: 2014Q3 - 2016Q1
 - ▷ TLTRO II: 2016Q2 - 2018Q2
- Two groups of firms:
 - ▷ Treatment group: firms that borrow from a bidder bank
 - ▷ Control group: other firms
- Bank and firm-time fixed effects
- All standard errors are double clustered by firm and bank-quarter

OLS estimation

- OLS regression:

$$L_{b,f,t} = \beta_1 TLTROI_{b,t} + \beta_2 TLTROII_{b,t} + \theta X_{b,t} + \delta Y_{b,f,t} + \lambda_{f,t} + \lambda_b + \epsilon_{b,f,t}$$

$L_{b,f,t}$ Loan rate or quarterly loan growth of credit from bank b to firm f in period t

$TLTRO_{b,t}$ Treatment variable: binary or continuous

$X_{b,t}$ Time-varying bank controls

$Y_{b,f,t}$ Loan controls (when L is loan rate)

$\lambda_{f,t}$ Firm-time fixed effects

λ_b Bank fixed effects

IV identification

- IV specification (Benetton and Fantino, 2021):

$$L_{b,f,t} = \beta_1 \widehat{TLTROI}_{b,t} + \beta_2 \widehat{TLTROII}_{b,t} + \theta X_{b,t} + \delta Y_{b,f,t} + \lambda_{f,t} + \lambda_b + \epsilon_{b,f,t}$$

- ▷ First stage:

$$TLTRO_{i,b,t} = \phi Allowance_{i,b} Post_{i,t} + \theta X_{b,t} + \delta Y_{b,f,t} + \lambda_{f,t} + \lambda_b + \epsilon_{b,y,f}$$

Allowance_{i,b} Log of borrowing allowance for bank *b* in *TLTRO_i*

Post_{i,t} Dummy equal to 1 if *t* corresponds to the *TLTRO_i* period

Loan growth

Table 2: TLTRO: loan growth OLS regressions

	Binary		
	(1)	(2)	(3)
TLTRO I	0.092*** (0.018)	0.100*** (0.018)	0.120*** (0.017)
TLTRO II	0.097*** (0.021)	0.106*** (0.020)	0.120*** (0.019)
Bank controls	Yes	Yes	Yes
Firm F.E.	Yes	Yes	No
Time F.E.	Yes	Yes	No
Bank F.E.	Yes	Yes	Yes
Firm-time F.E.	No	No	Yes
ISLT F.E.	No	Yes	No
Sample	Full	Full	Multiple lenders
Observations	8,675,196	7,677,276	5,159,403
F test model	31.01	37.90	38.05
P-value	0	0	0

Table 3: TLTRO: loan growth IV regressions

	Binary		
	(1)	(2)	(3)
TLTRO I	0.107*** (0.026)	0.119*** (0.024)	0.156*** (0.019)
TLTRO II	0.152*** (0.033)	0.167*** (0.031)	0.219*** (0.026)
Bank controls	Yes	Yes	Yes
Firm F.E.	Yes	Yes	No
Time F.E.	Yes	Yes	No
Bank F.E.	Yes	Yes	Yes
Firm-time F.E.	No	No	Yes
ISLT F.E.	No	Yes	No
Sample	Full	Full	Multiple lenders
Observations	8,675,196	7,677,276	5,159,403
F test model	31.48	38.81	42.32
P-value	0	0	0

Heterogeneous effects: firms' risk

Table 4: TLTRO heterogeneous effects: firms' risk

	High	Low
	(1)	(2)
TLTRO I	0.163*** (0.020)	0.268*** (0.031)
TLTRO II	0.197*** (0.026)	0.439*** (0.044)
Bank-time controls	Yes	Yes
Loan controls	No	No
Bank F.E.	Yes	Yes
Firm-time F.E.	Yes	Yes
Observations	2,112,725	2,087,520
F test model	30.58	35.58
P-value	0	0

Heterogeneous effects: firms' characteristics

Table 5: TLTRO heterogeneous effects: firms' characteristics

	Size		Profitability		Liquidity		Zombie Firm	
	Large	Small	High	Low	High	Low	Yes	No
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
TLTRO I	0.236*** (0.027)	0.170*** (0.023)	0.261*** (0.030)	0.176*** (0.021)	0.229*** (0.028)	0.208*** (0.023)	0.113*** (0.021)	0.242*** (0.027)
TLTRO II	0.306*** (0.035)	0.326*** (0.033)	0.433*** (0.043)	0.199*** (0.027)	0.393*** (0.040)	0.272*** (0.031)	0.161*** (0.029)	0.363*** (0.037)
Bank-time controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Loan controls	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Bank F.E.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Firm-time F.E.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Observations	2,614,893	1,407,762	2,167,458	1,855,199	1,742,631	2,280,026	459,868	3,315,743
F test model	25.33	51.42	36.98	29.05	41.60	27.16	19.97	36.59
P-value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Heterogeneous effects: firms' productivity

Table 6: TLTRO heterogeneous effects by market sector: firms' productivity

	Tradable		Non-tradable	
	High	Low	High	Low
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
TLTRO I	0.319*** (0.035)	0.179*** (0.025)	0.241*** (0.030)	0.120*** (0.021)
TLTRO II	0.443*** (0.047)	0.328*** (0.036)	0.351*** (0.041)	0.186*** (0.029)
Bank-time controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Loan controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Bank F.E.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Firm-time F.E.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Observations	938,275	521,516	1,493,917	824,719
F test model	25.22	34.80	27.78	26.14
P-value	0	0	0	0

Heterogeneous effects: firms' default at $t+2$

Table 7: TLTRO heterogeneous effects: firms' default at year $t+2$

	Default at $t+2$	No default at $t+2$
	(1)	(2)
TLTRO I	0.036*** (0.011)	0.236*** (0.026)
TLTRO II	-0.004 (0.017)	0.351*** (0.036)
Bank-time controls	Yes	Yes
Loan controls	No	No
Bank F.E.	Yes	Yes
Firm-time F.E.	Yes	Yes
Observations	1,551,903	3,514,291
F test model	39.27	38.34
P-value	0	0

Loan rates

Table 8: TLTRO: loan interest rate OLS regressions

	Binary		
	(1)	(2)	(3)
TLTRO I	-0.043** (0.018)	-0.044*** (0.016)	-0.046*** (0.012)
TLTRO II	-0.046*** (0.016)	-0.045*** (0.014)	-0.044*** (0.009)
Bank controls	Yes	Yes	Yes
Firm F.E.	Yes	Yes	No
Time F.E.	Yes	Yes	No
Bank F.E.	Yes	Yes	Yes
Firm-time F.E.	No	No	Yes
ISLT F.E.	No	Yes	No
Sample	Full	Full	Multi lenders
Observations	1,592,430	1,093,806	633,328
F test model	247.3	181.7	139.2
P-value	0	0	0

Table 9: TLTRO: loan interest rate IV regressions

	Binary		
	(1)	(2)	(3)
TLTRO I	-0.097*** (0.028)	-0.104*** (0.024)	-0.109*** (0.018)
TLTRO II	-0.070*** (0.022)	-0.079*** (0.018)	-0.082*** (0.013)
Bank controls	Yes	Yes	Yes
Firm F.E.	Yes	Yes	No
Time F.E.	Yes	Yes	No
Bank F.E.	Yes	Yes	Yes
Firm-time F.E.	No	No	Yes
ISLT F.E.	No	Yes	No
Sample	Full	Full	Multi lenders
Observations	1,592,430	1,093,806	633,328
F test model	292	203.9	145.9
P-value	0	0	0

Heterogeneous effects: firms' risk

Table 10: TLTRO heterogeneous effects: firms' risk

	High	Low
	(1)	(2)
TLTRO I	-0.163*** (0.032)	-0.061*** (0.014)
TLTRO II	-0.124*** (0.026)	-0.052*** (0.009)
Bank-time controls	Yes	Yes
Loan controls	No	No
Bank F.E.	Yes	Yes
Firm-time F.E.	Yes	Yes
Observations	292,773	337,720
F test model	210.1	104.5
P-value	0	0

Heterogeneous effects: firms' characteristics

Table 11: TLTRO heterogeneous effects: firms' characteristics

	Size		Profitability		Liquidity		Zombie Firm	
	Large	Small	High	Low	High	Low	Yes	No
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
TLTRO I	-0.086*** (0.015)	-0.365*** (0.113)	-0.072*** (0.015)	-0.158*** (0.029)	-0.078*** (0.016)	-0.119*** (0.020)	-0.315*** (0.105)	-0.097*** (0.017)
TLTRO II	-0.064*** (0.010)	-0.343*** (0.112)	-0.055*** (0.010)	-0.125*** (0.024)	-0.062*** (0.011)	-0.088*** (0.015)	-0.284*** (0.102)	-0.074*** (0.012)
Bank-time controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Loan controls	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Bank F.E.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Firm-time F.E.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Observations	526,193	101,438	372,591	255,038	224,782	402,847	32,116	583,301
F test model	100.6	273.1	116.3	179.9	125.4	138	195.9	131.8
P-value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Heterogeneous effects: firms' productivity

Table 12: TLTRO heterogeneous effects by market sector: firms' productivity

	Tradable		Non-tradable	
	High	Low	High	Low
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
TLTRO I	-0.067*** (0.015)	-0.316*** (0.086)	-0.091*** (0.018)	-0.365*** (0.113)
TLTRO II	-0.047*** (0.009)	-0.287*** (0.084)	-0.072*** (0.012)	-0.335*** (0.110)
Bank-time controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Loan controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Bank F.E.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Firm-time F.E.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Observations	229,230	48,996	274,850	62,521
F test model	63.48	197.6	125.5	219.7
P-value	0	0	0	0

Heterogeneous effects: firms' default at $t+2$

Table 13: TLTRO heterogeneous effects by market sector:
firms' default at year $t+2$

	Default at $t+2$	No default at $t+2$
	(1)	(2)
TLTRO I	-0.203*** (0.056)	-0.092*** (0.016)
TLTRO II	-0.155*** (0.050)	-0.070*** (0.011)
Bank-time controls	Yes	Yes
Loan controls	No	No
Bank F.E.	Yes	Yes
Firm-time F.E.	Yes	Yes
Observations	77,887	550,452
F test model	310.8	136.3
P-value	0	0

Conclusions

- TLTRO did not disproportionately increase risk-taking. While high-risk firms benefited from a greater decrease in loan rates by bidder banks, low-risk firms experienced a higher increase in loan growth.
- The effects on loan growth were greater to firms with higher profitability and liquidity levels, more productive firms, mostly in the tradable sector, non-zombie firms and much stronger for firms that did not default after two years.
- The decrease in loan rates was stronger for smaller firms with lower profitability and liquidity levels, less productive firms, especially in the non-tradable sector, zombie firms, and stronger for firms that did default after two years in both TLTRO periods.

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THANK YOU!

Appendix

TLTRO

- **TLTRO: September 2014 to June 2016 (8 operations)**
 - ▷ **Interest rate:** indexed to the MRO
 - ▷ **Maturity:** 2-4 years
- **TLTRO II: June 2016 to March 2017 (4 operations)**
 - ▷ **Interest rate:** between DFR and MRO rate
 - ▷ **Maturity:** 4 years

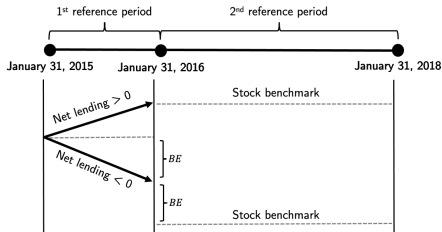


Figure: Lending benchmark for TLTRO II

TLTRO

- **TLTRO: September 2014 to June 2016 (8 operations)**
 - ▷ **Interest rate:** indexed to the MRO
 - ▷ **Maturity:** 2-4 years
- **TLTRO II: June 2016 to March 2017 (4 operations)**
 - ▷ **Interest rate:** between DFR and MRO rate
 - ▷ **Maturity:** 4 years

Eligible credit:

- ▷ To non-financial corporations and households (excluding lending for house purchase)
- ▷ In all currencies
- ▷ To euro area residents

Data

Table 1: Descriptive Statistics

Variable	Obs	Mean	Std. Dev.	Q1	Q2 (Median)	Q3
Dependent Variables						
Loan rate (%)	1,654,372	11.08	9.11	4.23	6.90	19.44
Maturity (days)	1,654,372	254	663	0	0	101
Loan amount (new, million €)	1,661,562	0.227	3.472	0.003	0.025	0.100
Loan amount (stock, million €)	9,507,309	0.243	4.679	0.001	0.013	0.058
Loan growth	8,685,372	-0.03	0.68	-0.17	0.00	0.22
Banks						
Total assets (million €)	9,507,309	49,611	35,486	16,550	46,308	77,456
Loans/Assets (%)	9,507,309	59.7	12.1	51.6	55.7	62.8
Gov. bonds/Assets (%)	9,507,309	7.0	5.7	4.0	6.5	9.0
Deposits/Assets (%)	9,507,309	35.1	33.2	17.3	26.2	33.6
NPLs/Loans (%)	9,507,309	7.0	4.6	3.6	5.9	9.8
Firms						
Total assets (million €)	6,728,973	0.9	1.0	0.1	0.4	1.3
Sales (million €)	6,728,973	0.6	0.6	0.1	0.3	1.0
Equity/Assets (%)	6,728,973	-0.51	204.58	7.57	30.85	44.42
Net income/Assets (%)	6,728,973	-4.28	54.85	-1.40	1.21	3.99
Cash/Deposits/Assets (%)	6,728,973	12.68	18.45	1.59	6.39	14.86
Debt/Assets (%)	6,728,973	25.31	151.65	0.00	13.52	24.28
EBITDA/Assets (%)	6,728,973	2.58	53.03	0.00	5.85	10.96
Sales/Employees (million €)	6,741,463	0.82	10.80	0.02	0.08	0.28
Credit rating	6,939,264	15	3	13	15	18
TLTRO Data						
TLTRO-I Borrowing (million €)	2,500,774	1,148	644	606	1,483	1,627
TLTRO-II Borrowing (million €)	3,146,049	1,421	1,614	221	630	2,517
TLTRO-I Allowance (million €)	3,054,635	741	580	264	476	1,458
TLTRO-II Allowance (million €)	3,665,464	2,924	1,999	1,186	3,077	5,131

Loan growth

$$\text{Loan growth}_{i,j,T} = \frac{\text{loan}_{i,j,t} - \text{loan}_{i,j,t-3}}{0.5 \times (\text{loan}_{i,j,t} + \text{loan}_{i,j,t-3})} \quad (1)$$

$\text{loan}_{i,j,t}$ stock of credit from bank b to firm f in month t

This symmetric growth rate is bounded between -2 and 2. As discussed by Haltiwanger et al., 2013, the symmetric growth rate is similar to a log first difference.